

## Pt. 1224

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[78 FR 37709, June 24, 2013]

### PART 1224—SAFETY STANDARD FOR PORTABLE BED RAILS

Sec.

1224.1 Scope, application, and effective date.  
1224.2 Requirements for portable bed rails.

AUTHORITY: Sections 3 and 104 of Pub. L. 110-314, 122 Stat. 3016 (August 14, 2008).

SOURCE: 77 FR 12197, Feb. 29, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 1224.1 Scope, application, and effective date.

This part establishes a consumer product safety standard for portable bed rails manufactured or imported on or after August 29, 2012.

#### § 1224.2 Requirements for portable bed rails.

(a) Each portable bed rail as defined in ASTM F2085-12, *Standard Consumer Safety Specification for Portable Bed Rails*, approved January 1, 2012, must comply with all applicable provisions of ASTM F2085-12. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. You may obtain a copy of this ASTM standard from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA, phone: 610-832-9585; <http://www.astm.org/>. You may inspect copies at the Office of the Secretary, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, Room 820, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20814, telephone 301-504-7923, or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: [http://www.archives.gov/federal\\_register/code\\_of\\_federal\\_regulations/ibr\\_locations.html](http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html).

(b) [Reserved]

## 16 CFR Ch. II (1–1–14 Edition)

### PART 1225—SAFETY STANDARD FOR HAND-HELD INFANT CARRIERS (Eff. 6-6-14)

Sec.

1225.1 Scope.

1225.2 Requirements for hand-held infant carriers.

AUTHORITY: Pub. L. 110-314, sec. 104, 122 Stat. 3016 (August 14, 2008).

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 78 FR 73424, Dec. 6, 2013, part 1225 was added, effective June 6, 2014.

SOURCE: 78 FR 73424, Dec. 6, 2013, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 1225.1 Scope.

This part establishes a consumer product safety standard for hand-held infant carriers.

#### § 1225.2 Requirements for hand-held infant carriers.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each hand-held infant carrier must comply with all applicable provisions of ASTM F 2050-13a, *Standard Consumer Safety Specification for Hand-Held Infant Carriers*, approved on September 1, 2013. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. You may obtain a copy from ASTM International, 100 Bar Harbor Drive, P.O. Box 0700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428; <http://www.astm.org>. You may inspect a copy at the Office of the Secretary, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, Room 820, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20814, telephone 301-504-7923, or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: [http://www.archives.gov/federal\\_register/code\\_of\\_federal\\_regulations/ibr\\_locations.html](http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html).

(b) Instead of complying with section 3.1.3 of ASTM F2050-13a, comply with the following:

(1) 3.1.3 *hand-held infant carrier*, *n*—a freestanding, rigid- or semirigid-sided product intended to carry an occupant whose torso is completely supported by the product to facilitate transportation

## Consumer Product Safety Commission

## § 1301.3

by a caregiver by means of hand-holds or handles.

(2) [Reserved]

### PART 1301—BAN OF UNSTABLE REFUSE BINS

Sec.

1301.1 Scope and application.

1301.2 Purpose.

1301.3 Findings.

1301.4 Definitions.

1301.5 Banning criteria.

1301.6 Test conditions.

1301.7 Test procedures.

1301.8 Effective date.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 8, 9, 86 Stat. 1215–1217, as amended, 90 Stat. 506; 15 U.S.C. 2057, 2058.

SOURCE: 42 FR 30300, June 13, 1977, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 1301.1 Scope and application.

(a) In this part 1301 the Consumer Product Safety Commission (Commission) declares that certain unstable refuse bins are banned hazardous products under sections 8 and 9 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (CPSA) (15 U.S.C. 2057 and 2058).

(b) This ban applies to those refuse bins of metal construction that are being distributed in commerce on or after the effective date of this rule, which do not meet the criteria of §1301.5 and which are produced or distributed for sale to, or for the personal use, consumption or enjoyment of consumers, in or around a permanent or temporary household or residence, a school, in recreation or otherwise. The Commission has found that (1) these refuse bins are being, or will be distributed in commerce; (2) they present an unreasonable risk of injury; and (3) no feasible consumer product safety standard under the CPSA would adequately protect the public from the unreasonable risk of injury associated with these products. The ban is applicable to those refuse bins having an internal volume one cubic yard or greater by actual measurement, which will tip over when subjected to either of the forces described in §1301.7 and which are in commerce or being distributed in commerce on or after the effective date of the ban.

(c) When such refuse bins are the subject of rental or lease transactions be-

tween owners of refuse bins or between refuse collection agencies and persons who make such refuse bins available for use by the public, such transactions are considered to be distributions in commerce and therefore come within the scope of this ban. Refuse collection agencies or owners of refuse bins who rent or lease refuse bins to persons who make them available for use by consumers are considered to be distributors; the persons to whom refuse bins are rented or leased are not considered to be distributors.

(d) On or after the effective date of this rule it shall be unlawful to manufacture for sale, offer for sale, or distribute in commerce, the unstable refuse bins described in this rule.

(e) This rule, effective November 13, 1981, is partially revoked and therefore does not apply to front-loading, straight-sided refuse bins without trunnion bars having an internal volume capacity of 1, 1½, or 2 cubic yards, of the following external dimensions:

Internal volume	Length (inches)	Width (inches)	Height <sup>1</sup>		Weight (lbs)
			High side (inches)	Low side (inches)	
1 cubic yard ...	70–72	21–23	29–31	29–31	313–347
1½ cubic yards	70–72	29–31	33–36	29–32	346–382
2 cubic yards	70–72	32–35	39–43	31–36	409–453

<sup>1</sup> Does not include height of wheels.

(Sec. 9(h), Pub. L. 97–35, Pub. L. 92–573, 86 Stat. 1215, 15 U.S.C. 2058(h))

[42 FR 30300, June 13, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 55925, Nov. 13, 1981]

#### § 1301.2 Purpose.

The purpose of this rule is to ban those refuse bins which come under the scope of this ban because they present an unreasonable risk of injury due to tip-over that can result in serious injury or death from crushing.

#### § 1301.3 Findings.

(a) *Risk of injury.* The Commission has studied 19 in-depth investigation reports of accidents associated with tip-over of unstable refuse bins. The 19 accidents, which involved 21 victims, resulted in 13 deaths. Of the 21 victims,